

Polygon angles

For any polygon with n sides:

- Sum of interior $\angle = (n-2)180$
- Sum of exterior $\angle = 360$

For a regular polygon:

- Each interior $\angle = \frac{(n-2)180}{n}$
- Each exterior $\angle = \frac{360}{n}$

Parallelogram

A quadrilateral with parallel sides

- Opposite sides ||
- Opposite sides \cong
- Opposite \angle s \cong
- Consecutive ∠s supplementary
- · Diagonals bisect each other



A parallelogram with congruent sides

 All the properties of a parallelogram



Diagonals are ⊥

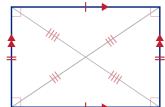
Diagonals are ∠ bisectors





A parallelogram with 4 right angles

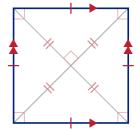
- All the properties of a parallelogram
- All angles are ⊾
- Diagonals are \cong



Square

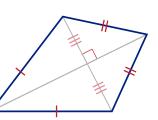
A rectangle with all sides congruent

- All the properties of a parallelogram
- All sides ≅
- All angles are ⊾
- Diagonals are \cong
- Diagonals are \bot



Kite

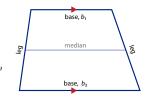
- Consecutive sides \cong
- Diagonals are ⊥
- Major axis bisects the minor axis
- Major axis is ∠ bisector



Trapezoid

A quadrilateral with one pair of parallel sides

- Base sides are
- Legs are not ||
- Median connects the legs' midpoints.



• Length of median is the average of the base lengths. i.e.,

$$median = \frac{b_1 + b_2}{2}$$

Isoscoles Trapezoid

A trapezoid with congruent legs

- Legs are \cong
- Base sides are ||
- Legs are not \parallel
- Top base angles are \cong
- Bottom base angles are \cong
- Diagonals are \cong

